

bution of consumer articles in Rural areas through Co-operative Marketing Societies, are under implementation.

- (vi) In pursuance of the policy laid down by the Government of India, steps have been taken to set up Fair Price Shops in Industrial Undertakings employing more than 300 workers.

### Purchase of Foodgrains.

\*Q.—372. Sri S. SIVAPPA (Sravanabelagola).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(a) the quantity of foodgrains Government intend to purchase to build up a buffer stock in the State ;

(b) what is the agency through which they want to make the purchase ;

(c) from where they want to purchase it ;

(d) where they want to stock the foodgrains ;

(e) the rate at which they have decided to purchase it ;

(f) whether any selling rate has been fixed for all the varieties and kinds of grains and if so, what are they ?

A.—Sri M. V. KRISHNAPPA (Minister for Revenue).—

(a) Government expect that they would be able to purchase 1.5 lakh tonnes of paddy and 1 lakh tonnes of jowar.

(b) (i) Departmental agency ;

(ii) Co-operative Societies ;

(iii) Licensed Millers ;

(iv) Association of Licensed Millers or Merchants ;

(v) Individual merchants.

(c) (i) At the Farm or the place where where the producer holds the stocks ;

(ii) At the assembling market or Mandy or at the rice mill.

(d) In Godowns of—

(1) State and Central Governments ;

(2) Co-operative Societies ;

(3) Central and State Warehousing Corporations ;

(4) Rice Mills ;

(5) Hired Private Godowns.

(SRI M. V. KRISHNAPPA)

‡(e) **Purchase Price of Paddy**—*Vide* Schedule appended to the Mysore Paddy (Fixation of Selling Prices) Order, 1964 and (Amendment) Order, 1965.

**Purchase Price of Jowar**—(1) Yellow or Red Jawar Rupees Fifty per Quintal.

(2) White Jawar—Rupees Fifty-two per quintal.

‡(f) **For varieties of rice**.—*Vide* Schedule placed on the Table of the House. The question of fixing selling price of Jawar is under the consideration of Government.

### Restriction or ban on Movement of Foodgrains.

\*Q.—392. Sri S. S. KOLKEBAIL (Coondapur).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(a) whether is any restriction or ban on movement of foodgrains from one District to another or from one Taluk to another taluk and onevillage to another village within the State of Mysore ;

(b) if not, whether they are aware that Gates and Barricades had been put up (till 18th December 1964) at *Rulical*, Agumbe, Shiradi Charnadi Ghats etc ;

(c) whether they are aware that movement of food-grains is permitted within the District, inter-Districts, within taluks and State only under permits issued by Food department officials ;

(d) whether they are aware that this artificial restriction was responsible for causing scarcity within the State ?

A.—Sri M. V. KRISHNAPPA (Minister for Revenue).—

(a) The movement of paddy/rice and jowar from one district to another is prohibited excepting under a permit issued by the Deputy Commissioner of the district from which, it has to be transported. There is no restriction on the movement of these foodgrains within the district.

(b) No.

(c) *Vide* reply to clause (a)

(d) No.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಸಿ. ಬಸಪ್ಪ.—ಸ್ವಾಮಿ 251ನೆಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯ (ಬಿ) ಗೆ ಉತ್ತರವಾಗಿ—‘ಹೌದು’ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ನಮ್ಮಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ಆಹಾರದ ಕೊರತೆ ಎಷ್ಟಿದೆ ಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ಹೇಳುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಆಗುತ್ತದೆಯೇ ?

‡[Copy placed in the Mysore Legislature Library No. 31, dated 20th April 1965.]